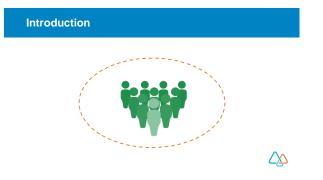
# Governing a community organisation

The key legal duties of NFP committee members Regional Association of Neighbourhood and Community Houses (RANCH) 11 May 2021 Daniel Komesaroff and Bohdi Dun, Lawyers justice



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# Introduction

#### What we will cover

- Part 1: The role of the committee
- Part 2: Understanding the legal status of your NFP
- · Part 3: Following your rules and purpose
- · Part 4: Complying with the 4 key legal duties
- Part 5: Other laws to keep in mind
- Part 6: Liability and protections for committee members
- · Summary and questions

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# Introduction

#### Things to note

- · Questions, activities & discussion
- · Workbook and slides
- · Timing and breaks

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Eligible for CPD points through Volunteering Victoria (for members)

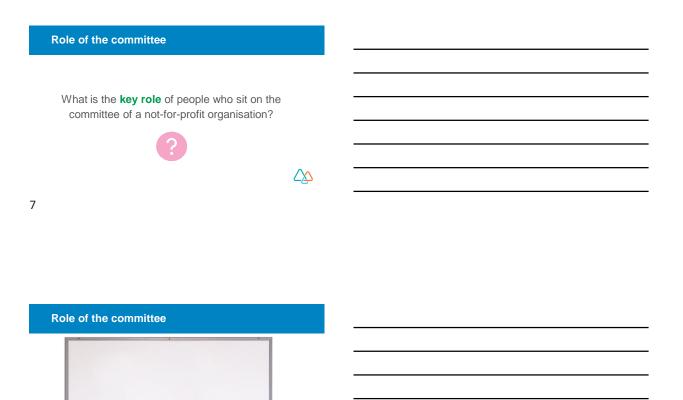
Focus is on Victorian law
 Legal information only and not legal advice



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## Role of the committee

#### Governance versus management

Governance	Management
	Implementing the strategic plan (operational function)
Ensure group operates within the law	Organising work
Ensure financial viability	Allocation of resources
Oversee the employment of staff to carry out management functions	Reporting to committee
Other?	Other?

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# Role of the committee

#### Key issues to consider



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#### **Understand your NFP**

#### Key information about your organisation's legal status

Your organisation:

- 1. is a not-for-profit organisation
- 2. is incorporated
- 3. has chosen the legal structure of incorporated association
- 4. may have the status of a registered charity
- 5. may access some tax concessions, exemptions and endorsements available to not-for-profits and charities

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# Understand your NFP

In a not-for-profit group ...



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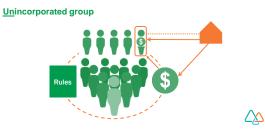
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# Understand your NFP



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# Understand your NFP Note: limited liability has exceptions

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#### Key information about your organisation's legal status

Your organisation:

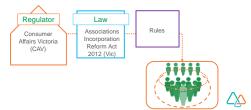
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## **Understand your NFP**

#### If your NFP is a Victorian incorporated association



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# **Understand your NFP**

#### **Cth charity status**

- An organisation is a 'registered charity' if it is registered with the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission (ACNC)
- The ACNC is the federal regulator for charities
- Cth registered charities are required to comply with:
- > Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 (Cth)
- > Charities Act 2013 (Cth)

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12 defined charitable purposes

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## **Understand your NFP**

# Cth charity status (Charities Act 2013)

Charity =

- 1. Not-for-profit
- 2. All purposes charitable and for public benefit
- No disqualifying purposes
- +
- 4. Not an individual, political party, government entity

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#### **Cth charity status**



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# **Understand your NFP**

#### Cth charity status: www.acnc.gov.au

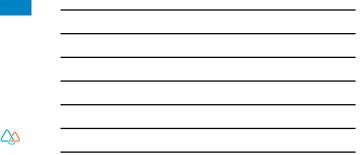


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## **Understand your NFP**

#### Common tax concessions and endorsements





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#### Tax status

- A NFP's tax status is based on the purpose clause in its constitution (and its charity status)
- Must do what NFP is set up to do if not, or if it changes, the ATO can review and remove tax concessions
- Charities should take care when starting new projects or auspicing potential tax consequences
- A committee member's role is to ensure tax status is reviewed and protected

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# **Understand your NFP**

#### Cth tax status: www.abr.business.gov.au

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Follow rules and purpose



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## Follow rules and purpose

#### Purpose

- The 'purpose' or 'objects' clause in your rules is an important guide to decision-making for committee members
- · The purpose clause sets out what the organisation is legally set up to do
- Committee members are required to ensure all decisions are within legal 'purposes'
- If an organisation is a charity or has tax concessions, then making decisions that comply with the purpose is particularly important

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#### Follow rules and purpose

#### Activity: RANCH's purpose

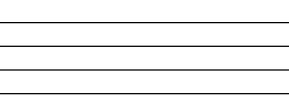
2 Purposes The purpose of the association is to strengthen and support Neighbourhood Houses and Community Centres in the Loddon Campaspe region using community development principles.

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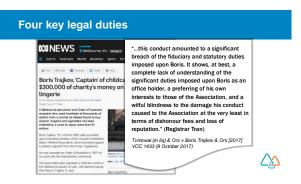
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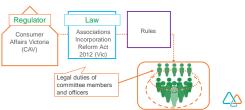




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# Four key legal duties

#### Source of legal duties



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# Four key legal duties

#### Cth charity status - governance standards

- Under ACNC legislation, a charity and its committee members must also comply with 'governance standards'
- The governance standards are principle-based, minimum requirements that charities are continually required to meet to maintain their registered charity status
- One of the governance standards applies particularly to 'responsible persons' (committee members) and their suitability for office



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## Four key legal duties

Cth charity status – governance standards

Governance standard 1	Charitable purposes and not-for-profit
Governance standard 2	Accountability
Governance standard 3	Compliance with Australian laws
Governance standard 4	Suitability of responsible persons
Governance standard 5	Duties of responsible persons
	Public trust and confidence

# Duty to act in good faith and for a proper purpose Duty to act with reasonable position or information Duty to to manage conflicts of interest

Four key legal duties

Scenario 1 Jacob



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# Four key legal duties

#### Duty to act in good faith, for proper purpose

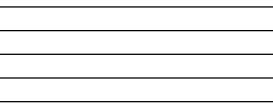
Duty has two limbs:

- i. duty to act in good faith in the best interests of the organisation as a whole  $% \left( {{{\mathbf{x}}_{i}}} \right)$
- ii. duty to act for a proper purpose and within the powers given to the committee

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Four key legal duties





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# Four key legal duties

#### Duty to act with care, skill and diligence

This duty requires committee members to pay attention to, and make considered decisions about:

- i. the important affairs and strategic activities of the organisation
- the financial position of the organisation (this one is very important – almost a sub-duty!)



# Four key legal duties

What actions do you think would show that a committee member has acted with reasonable care, skill and diligence?



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# Four key legal duties Duty to act with care, skill and diligence In relation to finances, this duty requires committee members to: i. understand your organisation's current financial position at all times ii. prevent your organisation from 'trading while insolvent' B You allow an organisation to trade while insolvent if you allow it to continue to incur debts when you know, or should know, or suspect, the organisation cannot meet its current debts when they fail due. Ľ۵ 52 Four key legal duties If your organisation is in financial trouble, your legal duty is to 'put the brakes on' spending and seek help $\Delta$ 53 Four key legal duties This duty is relative to the size and importance of the decision being made Balance: there needs to be reasonable care, skill and diligence...but the committee still needs to make decisions $\Delta$ 54



# Four key legal duties



# Four key legal duties

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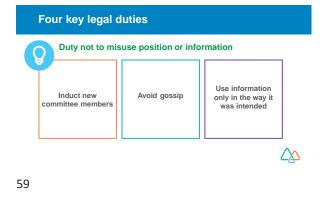
# Four key legal duties

#### Scenario 3

Misuse of information or position

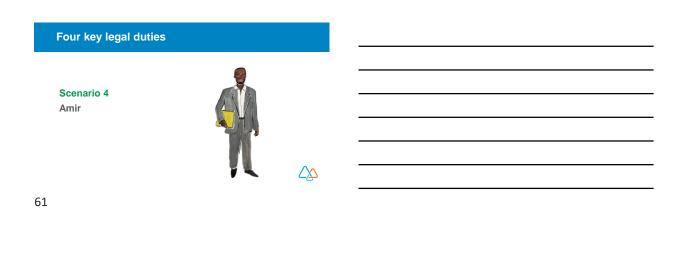


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# Four key legal duties

#### Duty to manage conflicts of interest

A conflict of interest is a situation which arises when a person's position in an organisation provides them with the opportunity to: personally benefit (over and above the usual benefits arising from the position), or
 provide a benefit to a relative, close friend or to another organisation with which they are involved

· A conflict of interest situation is not, of itself, a problem

· Conflicts of interest situations are common and OK

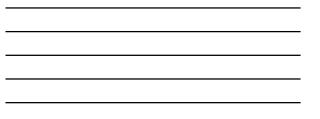
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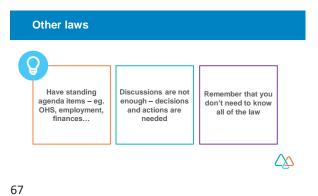
63













# Liability and protections

Remember: limited liability has exceptions



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69

# Liability and protections

#### Exceptions to limited liability rule

Behaviour	Example
Criminal action by a committee member	Theft
Serious breach of key legal duties	Continuing to trade while insolvent *
Failure to comply with specific laws (that can override limited liability)	Taxation laws or employment laws *

70

# Liability and protections

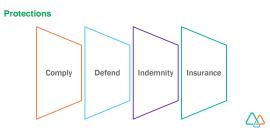
#### Consequences

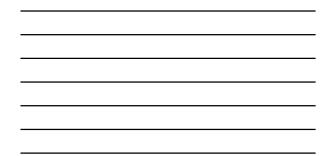
- Legal responsibility of committee members:
  - Fines, compensation, order to pay, order to repay
     Injunctions, banned from managing a corporation
- Reputational:
  - o front of Herald Sun
  - o decline in membership or support
  - withdrawal of funding



71

# Liability and protections





72





# Recap of today's session

#### What we have covered

- · Part 1: Role of the committee
- · Part 2: Understanding the legal status of your NFP
- · Part 3: The importance of the rules and purpose
- Part 4: Complying with the 4 key legal duties
- · Part 5: Other laws to keep in mind
- · Part 6: Liability and protections for committee members

75

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76

# Summary and questions

#### Evaluation and thanks!

- · Thank you to RANCH for engaging us to deliver today's training
- · We would be grateful if you could please complete the evaluation form
- · Thank you for your participation!

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77



